## Paper 2 Option J

## Further Mechanics 1 Mark Scheme (Section A)

| Question | Scheme | Marks | AOs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1(a) | Using the model and $v^{2}=u^{2}+2 a s$ to find $v$ | M1 | 3.4 |
|  | $v^{2}=2 a s=2 g \times 2.4=4.8 g \quad \Rightarrow \quad v=\sqrt{ }(4.8 g)$ | A1 | 1.1b |
|  | Using the model and $v^{2}=u^{2}+2 a s$ to find $u$ | M1 | 3.4 |
|  | $0^{2}=u^{2}-2 g \times 0.6 \Rightarrow u=\sqrt{ }(1.2 g)$ | A1 | 1.1b |
|  | Using the correct strategy to solve the problem by finding the sep. speed and app. speed and applying NLR | M1 | 3.1b |
|  | $e=\sqrt{ }(1.2 g) / \sqrt{ }(4.8 g)=0.5 *$ | A1* | 1.1b |
|  |  | (6) |  |
| (b) | Using the model and $e=$ sep. speed / app. speed, $v=0.5 \sqrt{ }(1.2 g)$ | M1 | 3.4 |
|  | Using the model and $v^{2}=u^{2}+2 a s$ | M1 | 3.4 |
|  | $0^{2}=0.25(1.2 g)-2 g h \Rightarrow h=0.15(\mathrm{~m})$ | A1 | 1.1b |
|  |  | (3) |  |
| (c) | Ball continues to bounce with the height of each bounce being a quarter of the previous one | B1 | 2.2b |
|  |  | (1) |  |
| (10 marks) |  |  |  |
| Notes: |  |  |  |
| (a) <br> M1: For a complete method to find $v$ <br> A1: For a correct value (may be numerical) <br> M1: For a complete method to find $u$ <br> A1: For a correct value (may be numerical) <br> M1: For finding both $v$ and $u$ and use of Newton's Law of Restitution <br> A1*: For the given answer |  |  |  |
| (b) <br> M1: For use of Newton's Law of Restitution to find rebound speed <br> M1: For a complete method to find $h$ <br> A1: For 0.15 (m) oe |  |  |  |
| (c) <br> B1: For a clear description including reference to a quarter |  |  |  |


| Question | Scheme | Marks | AOs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2(a) | Energy Loss $=$ KE Loss - PE Gain | M1 | 3.3 |
|  | $=\frac{1}{2} \times 0.5 \times 25^{2}-0.5 g \times 20$ | A1 | 1.1b |
|  | $=58.25=58(\mathrm{~J})$ or $58.3(\mathrm{~J})$ | A1 | 1.1b |
|  |  | (3) |  |
| (b) | Using work-energy principle, $20 R=58.25$ | M1 | 3.3 |
|  | $R=2.9125=2.9$ or 2.91 | A1ft | 1.1b |
|  |  | (2) |  |
| (c) | Make resistance variable (dependent on speed) | B1 | 3.5c |
|  |  | (1) |  |
| (6 marks) |  |  |  |
| Notes: |  |  |  |
| (a) <br> M1: For a difference in KE and PE <br> A1: For a correct expression <br> A1: For either 58 (2sf) or 58.3 (3sf) |  |  |  |
| (b) <br> M1: For use of work-energy principle <br> A1ft: For either 2.9 (2sf) or 2.91 (3sf) follow through on their answer to (a) |  |  |  |
| (c) <br> B1: For variable resistance oe |  |  |  |


| Question | Scheme | Marks | AOs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3(a) | Force $=$ Resistance (since no acceleration) $=30$ | B1 | 3.1b |
|  | Power $=$ Force $\times$ Speed $=30 \times 4$ | M1 | 1.1b |
|  | $=120 \mathrm{~W}$ | A1 ft | 1.1b |
|  |  | (3) |  |
| (b) | Resolving parallel to the slope | M1 | 3.1b |
|  | $F-60 g \sin \alpha-30=0$ | A1 | 1.1b |
|  | $F=70$ | A1 | 1.1b |
|  | Power $=$ Force $\times$ Speed $=70 \times 3$ | M1 | 1.1b |
|  | $=210 \mathrm{~W}$ | A1 ft | 1.1b |
|  |  | (5) |  |
| (8 marks) |  |  |  |
| Notes: |  |  |  |
| (a)  <br> B1: For <br> M1: For <br> A1ft: For | For force $=30$ seen <br> For use of $P=F v$ <br> For 120 (W), follow through on their ' 30 ' |  |  |
| (b)  <br> M1: For <br> A1: For <br> A1: For <br> M1: For <br> A1ft: For | For resolving parallel to the slope with correct no. of terms and 60 g resolved For a correct equation <br> For $F=70$ <br> For use of $P=F v$ <br> For 210 (W), follow through on their ' 70 ' |  |  |


| Question | Scheme | Marks | AOs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4(a) | Use of conservation of momentum | M1 | 3.1a |
|  | $3 m u-2 m u=3 m v+m w$ | A1 | 1.1b |
|  | Use of NLR | M1 | 3.1a |
|  | $3 u e=-v+w$ | A1 | 1.1b |
|  | Using a correct strategy to solve the problem by setting up two equations (need both) in $u$ and $v$ and solving for $v$ | M1 | 3.1b |
|  | $v=\frac{u}{4}(1-3 e)$ | A1 | 1.1b |
|  |  | (6) |  |
| (b) | $\frac{u}{4}(1-3 e)<0$ | M1 | 3.1b |
|  | $\frac{1}{3}<e \leq 1$ | A1 | 1.1b |
|  |  | (2) |  |
| (c) | Solving for $w$ | M1 | 2.1 |
|  | $w=\frac{u}{4}(1+9 e) *$ | A1 * | 1.1b |
|  |  | (2) |  |
| (d) | Substitute $e=\frac{5}{9}$ | M1 | 1.1b |
|  | $v=-\frac{u}{6}, w=\frac{3 u}{2}$ | A1 | 1.1b |
|  | Use NLR for impact with wall, $x=f w$ | M1 | 1.1b |
|  | Further collision if $x>-v$ | M1 | 3.4 |
|  | $f \frac{3 u}{2}>\frac{u}{6}$ | A1 | 1.1b |
|  | $1 \geq f>\frac{1}{9}$ | A1 | 1.1b |
|  |  | (6) |  |
| (16 marks) |  |  |  |
| Notes: |  |  |  |
| (a)  <br> M1: For <br> A1: For <br> M1: For <br> A1: For <br> M1: For <br> A1: For <br> (b)  | use of CLM, with correct no. of terms, condone sign errors a correct equation <br> use of Newton's Law of Restitution, with $e$ on the correct side a correct equation <br> setting up two equations and solving their equations for $v$ a correct expression for $v$ |  |  |
| (b) <br> M1: For use of an appropriate inequality <br> A1: For a complete range of values of $e$ |  |  |  |
| (c) <br> M1: For solving their equations for $w$ <br> A1: For the given answer |  |  |  |

Question 4 notes continued:
(d)

M1: For substituting $e=\frac{5}{9}$ into their $v$ and $w$
A1: $\quad$ For correct expressions for $v$ and $w$
M1: For use of Newton's Law of Restitution, with $e$ on the correct side
M1: For use of appropriate inequality
A1: For a correct inequality
A1: For a correct range

Further Mechanics 2 Mark Scheme (Section B)

| Question | Scheme | Marks | AOs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 (a) | Multiply out and differentiate wrt $t$ | M1 | 1.1 b |
|  | $v=3 t^{2}-16 t+20 \Rightarrow a=6 t-16$ | A1 | 1.1b |
|  |  | (2) |  |
| (b) | Multiply out and integrate wrt $t$ | M1 | 1.1b |
|  | $s=\int 3 t^{2}-16 t+20 \mathrm{~d} t=t^{3}-8 t^{2}+20 t(+C)$ | A1 | 1.16 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & t=0, s=0=>C=0 \\ & t=2, s=8-32+40=16 \end{aligned}$ | A1 | 1.1 b |
|  |  | (3) |  |
| (c) | $s=0 \Rightarrow t^{3}-8 t^{2}+20 t=0$ and $t \neq 0 \Rightarrow t^{2}-8 t+20=0$ | M1 | 2.1 |
|  | Explanation to show that $t^{2}-8 t+20>0$ for all $t$. | M1 | 2.4 |
|  | So $s=0$ has no non-zero solutions, so $s$ is never zero again, so never returns to $O$ * | A1* | 3.2a |
|  |  | (3) |  |
| (8 marks) |  |  |  |
| Notes: |  |  |  |
| (a) <br> M1: <br> A1: For | For multiplying out and differentiating (powers decreasing by 1) For a correct expression for $a$ |  |  |
| (b) <br> M1: For <br> A1: For <br> A1: For | For multiplying out and integrating (powers increasing by 1) For a correct expression for $s$ with or without $C$ For $C=0$ and correct final answer |  |  |
| (c) <br> M1: For equating their $s$ to 0 and producing a quadratic <br> M1: For clear explanation that $t^{2}-8 t+20>0$ for all $t$ (e.g. completing the square or another complete method) <br> $\mathbf{A 1 * : ~ F o r ~ a ~ c o r r e c t ~ c o n c l u s i o n ~ i n ~ c o n t e x t ~}$ |  |  |  |


| Question | Scheme | Marks | AOs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6(a) | $\cos \alpha=\frac{4}{5}$ or $\sin \alpha=\frac{3}{5}$ | B1 | 1.1b |
|  | $r=4 a \sin \alpha$ | B1 | 1.1b |
|  | Resolving vertically | M1 | 3.1b |
|  | $T_{1} \cos \alpha-T_{2} \sin \alpha=m g$ | A1 | 1.1b |
|  | Resolving horizontally | M1 | 3.1b |
|  | $T_{1} \sin \alpha+T_{2} \cos \alpha=m r \omega^{2}$ | A1 | 1.1b |
|  | $T_{1} \sin \alpha+T_{2} \cos \alpha=m r \omega^{2}$ | A1 | 1.1b |
|  | Solving for either tension | M1 | 2.1 |
|  | $T_{1}=\frac{4 m}{25}\left(9 a \omega^{2}+5 g\right) *$ | A1* | 1.1b |
|  | $T_{2}=\frac{3 m}{25}\left(16 a \omega^{2}-5 g\right) *$ | A1* | 1.1b |
|  |  | (10) |  |
| (b) | $\frac{4 m}{25}\left(9 a \omega^{2}+5 g\right)<4 m g$ | M1 | 2.1 |
|  | $\frac{3 m}{25}\left(16 a \omega^{2}-5 g\right)>0$ | M1 | 2.1 |
|  | $\omega>\sqrt{\frac{5 g}{16 a}}$ or $\omega<\sqrt{\frac{20 g}{9 a}}$ | A1 | 2.2a |
|  | $S=\frac{2 \pi}{\omega}$ | M1 | 1.1b |
|  | $3 \pi \sqrt{\frac{a}{5 g}}<S<8 \pi \sqrt{\frac{a}{5 g}} *$ | A1* | 1.1b |
|  |  | (5) |  |
| (c) | String being light implies that the tension is constant in both portions of the string | B1 | 3.5b |
|  |  | (1) |  |
| (16 marks) |  |  |  |
| Notes: |  |  |  |
| (a) |  |  |  |
| B1: For correct trig. ratio seen |  |  |  |
| B1: For a correct radius expression seen |  |  |  |
| M1: For resolving vertically with correct no. of terms and tensions resolved |  |  |  |
| A1: For a correct equation |  |  |  |
| M1: For resolving horizontally with correct no. of terms and tensions resolved A1A1: For a correct equation |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| M1: For solving their two equations to find either tension |  |  |  |
| A1*: For the given answer |  |  |  |
| A1*: For the given answer |  |  |  |

Question 6 notes continued:
(b)

M1: For use of $T_{1}<4 m g$
M1: For using $T_{2}>0$
A1: For a correct inequality (either) for $\omega$
M1: For use of $S=\frac{2 \pi}{\omega}$ with either critical value
A1*: For given answer
(c)

B1: For a clear explanation


## Question 7 notes continued:

(c)

B1: For consideration of symmetry about $y=1$
B1: For $a=1.5$
(d)

M1: For use of tan from an appropriate triangle
A1ft: For a correct equation, follow through on their $a$
A1: For a correct angle

